HI93733A-0 - Ammonia HR Reagent A

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code **HI93733A-0**

Product name Ammonia HR Reagent A

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Determination of Ammonia in Water Samples.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Hanna Instruments S.R.L.

Full address str. Hanna Nr 1

District and Country 457260 loc. Nusfalau (Salaj)

Romania Tel. +40 260607700 Fax +40 260607700

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet msds@hanna.ro

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Emergency Number - International: +1 7035273887 - UK, London: +44 8708200418 -

CHEMTREC 24 hours/365 days

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category	H290	May be corrosive to metals.
1		
Acute toxicity, category 1	H300	Fatal if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, category 1	H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity, category 2	H330	Fatal if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Skin corrosion, category 1A	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
toxicity, category 1		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
toxicity, category 2		

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:









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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H300+H310+H330 Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Contains: POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

CAS 7783-33-7 9 ≤ x < 25 Acute Tox. 1 H300, Acute Tox. 1 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, STOT RE 2 H373,

Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1,

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: 1 A

EC 231-990-4

INDEX

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

CAS 1310-73-2 $9 \le x < 30$ Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318

EC 215-185-5 INDEX 011-002-00-6 Reg. no. 01-2119457892-27

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

Mercury compounds have a cytotoxic and protoplasmatoxic effect. Intoxication symptoms: acute: contact with eye causes severe lesions. Swallowing and inhalation of dusts damages mucous membranes of gastrointestinal and respiratory tract (metallic taste, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, bloody diarrhoea, intestinal burns, glottal oedema, aspiration pneumonia); drop in blood pressure, cardiac dysrhythmia,

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SECTION 4. First aid measures .../>>

circulatory collapse, and renal failure; chronic: inflammation of the mouth with loss of teeth and mercurial line. The principal signs manifest themselves in the CNS (impaired speech, vision, hearing, and sensitivity, loss of memory, irritability, hallucinations, delirium inter alia).

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Irritation and corrosion, Cough, Shortness of breath, collapse, death. Risk of blindness!.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

Not combustible. Avoid shock and friction. Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours. Fire may cause evolution of: mercury vapours, iodine, hydrogen iodide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

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SECTION 7. Handling and storage .../>>

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany): 6.1A

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 (Fassung 31.1.2018 ber.) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2017
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
HUN	Magyarország	50/2011. (XII. 22.) NGM rendelet a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
ROU	România	Monitorul Oficial al României 44; 2012-01-19
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC;
		Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

Directive 2004/37/LO, Directive 2000/39/LO, Directive

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2018

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

1 0 1/10010 III 12 110 110 20 III 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 11								
it Value								
Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min				
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
DEU	0,02		0,16		INHAL			
ESP	0,02					Hg compound		
FRA	0,02					Hg compound		
GBR	0,025					Hg compound		
HUN	0,08		0,32			Hg compound		
NLD	0,02					Hg compound		
ROU	0,02					Hg compound		
EU	0,02					Hg compound		
	Country DEU ESP FRA GBR HUN NLD ROU	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 DEU 0,02 ESP 0,02 FRA 0,02 GBR 0,025 HUN 0,08 NLD 0,02 ROU 0,02	it Value Country TWA/8h mg/m3 ppm DEU 0,02 ESP 0,02 FRA 0,02 GBR 0,025 HUN 0,08 NLD 0,02 ROU 0,02	it Value Country TWA/8h STEL/15 mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 DEU 0,02 0,16 ESP 0,02 0,16 FRA 0,02 0,02 GBR 0,025 0,32 HUN 0,08 0,32 NLD 0,02 ROU 0,02	it Value Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm DEU 0,02 0,16 0,16 ESP 0,02 0,02 0,16 0,00 FRA 0,02 0,02 0,00	it Value Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm DEU 0,02 0,16 INHAL ESP 0,02 INHAL INHAL FRA 0,02 INHAL INHAL GBR 0,025 INHAL INHAL HUN 0,08 0,32 INHAL NLD 0,02 INHAL INHAL ROU 0,02 INHAL INHAL	it Value Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm DEU 0,02 0,16 INHAL ESP 0,02 Hg compound FRA 0,02 Hg compound GBR 0,025 Hg compound HUN 0,08 0,32 Hg compound NLD 0,02 Hg compound ROU 0,02 Hg compound	

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Н	Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL											
		Effects on c	onsumers			Effects on worke	rs					
	Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic			
		local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic			
	Inhalation							0,02	VND			
								mg/m3 8h				

SOUTHIN	HYDROXIDE

Threshold Limit	Value				
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	5min
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
VLA	ESP			2	
VLEP	FRA	2			
WEL	GBR			2	
AK	HUN	2		2	
TLV	ROU	1		3	
TI V-ACGIH				2 (C)	

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

	Effects o	n consumers			Effects on w			
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation			VND	1			VND	1
				mg/m3				mg/m3

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified.

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norm: ISO 17733 - Biological Values, ACGIH: 20 µg mercury/g creatinine in urine, GBR: 20 µmol mercury/mol creatinine in urine (Random), DEU: 25 µg Quecksilber/g Kreatinin Urin (keine Beschränkung), ESP: 30 µg Mercurio inorgánico total/g creatinina en orina (Antes de la jornadalaboral), ROU: 35 µg mercur/g creatină in urină (începutul schimbului următor).

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norm OSHA ID-121.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid Colour straw yellow Odour odourless Odour threshold Not available 13.5 Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Boiling range Not available Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure Not available Not available Vapour density Relative density 1,30

Not applicable Not available

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Solubility partially soluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity
Not available
Not available
Not available
Not available
Not available
not applicable
Oxidising properties
not applicable

9.2. Other information

 Total solids (250°C / 482°F)
 25,83 %

 VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) :
 0

 VOC (volatile carbon) :
 0

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

Sensitivity to light.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Hygroscopic.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

Risk of explosion with: Alkali metals. Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: halogen-halogen compounds.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Risk of explosion/exothermic reaction with: Acetone, Nitriles, phosphides, halogens, halogen-halogen compounds, chlorinated solvents, Ethylene oxide, Hydrazine hydrate, hydroxylamine, anhydrides, Peroxides, Acrolein, Acid chlorides, Acids, sulphuric acid, silver salt, hydrogen peroxide, organic nitro compounds, Water, Metals, Light metals. Possible formation of: Hydrogen. Violent reactions possible with: ammonium compounds, organic combustible substances, phenols. Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with: persulfates, Sodium borohydride, Oxides of phosphorus.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

Strong heating.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Exposure to the air, moisture and sources of heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Strong acids, ammonia, zinc, lead, aluminium, water and flammable liquids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

Acute inhalation toxicity absorption, Acute toxicity estimate: 0,051 mg/l; dust/mist, Expert judgement - Acute dermal toxicity, LD50 rat: 75 mg/kg, absorption - Sensitisation, Sensitisation possible in predisposed persons - Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Target Organs: Kidney, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Acute oral toxicity, Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach - Acute inhalation toxicity, Symptoms: burns of mucous membranes, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract - Skin irritation, Rabbit, Result: Causes severe burns - Eye irritation, Rabbit, Result: Irreversible effects on the eye, Causes serious eye damage. Risk of blindness! - Sensitisation, Patch test: human, Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation - Germ cell mutagenicity, Genotoxicity in vitro, Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): micronucleus, Result: negative, (Lit.) Ames test, Result: negative.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:0,20 mg/lLD50 (Oral) of the mixture:2,00 mg/kgLD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:20,00 mg/kg

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

 LD50 (Oral)
 18 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 75 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 0,051 mg/l/4h

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

 LD50 (Oral)
 1350 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 1350 mg/kg Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms.

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

LC50 - for Fish 0,13 mg/l/96h Leuciscus idus EC50 - for Crustacea 0,0052 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

LC50 - for Fish 45,4 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss

EC50 - for Crustacea 40,38 mg/l/48h Daphnia

12.2. Persistence and degradability

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II)

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Harmful effect due to pH shift. Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted. Neutralisation possible in waste water treatment plants. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

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CONTAMINATED PACKAGING Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID. IMDG. IATA: 2922

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE II) MIXTURE IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE II) MIXTURE IATA: CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE II) MIXTURE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8 (6.1)

IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8 (6.1)

IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8 (6.1)



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: I

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 86 Limited Quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special Provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-B Limited Quantities: 1 L IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 30

Cargo: Maximum quantity: 30 L Packaging instructions: 855
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 1 L Packaging instructions: 851

Special Instructions: A3, A803

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: H1-E1

EPY 9.8.3 - SDS 1004.11

ΕN

Hanna Instruments S.R.L.

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

POTASSIUM TETRAIODOMERCURATE (II) - (MERCURY COMPOUNDS)

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 3: Severe hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1 Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1

Acute Tox. 1/2 Acute toxicity, category 1/2
Acute Tox. 1 Acute toxicity, category 1
Acute Tox. 2 Acute toxicity, category 2

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1A Skin corrosion, category 1A
Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H300+H310+H330 Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H300 Fatal if swallowed. **H310** Fatal in contact with skin.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods

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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- IMO: International Maritime Organization- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 03.