

HI70670 - Cleaning Solution for Salt Deposits

Revision nr.1 Dated 26/01/2017 Printed on 26/01/2017 Page n. 1 / 9

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking.

1.1. Product identifier.

Code. **HI70670**

Product name.

Cleaning Solution for Salt Deposits
Chemical name and synonym.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 0,37%

 INDEX number.
 017-002-01-X

 EC number.
 231-595-7

 CAS number.
 7647-01-0

 Registration Number.
 01-2119484862-26

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Intended use. Electrode Cleaning Solution for Applications with Salts.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Name. Hanna Instruments S.R.L.

Full address. str. Hanna Nr 1

District and Country. 457260 loc. Nusfalau (Salaj)

Romania

Tel. (+40) 260607700 Fax. (+40) 260607700

e-mail address of the competent person.

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet. msds@hanna.ro

1.4. Emergency telephone number.

For urgent inquiries refer to. Emergency Number - International: +(1)-703-527-3887 - UK, London:

+(44)-870-8200418 - CHEMTREC 24 hours/365 days

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 H290 May be corrosive to metals.

Skin corrosion, category 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Note B

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H290 May be corrosive to metals

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

FΝ



Hanna Instruments S.R.L.

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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. .../>>

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

P303+P361+P353 P305+P351+P338 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1B H314, STOT SE 3 H335, Note B

P310 P391 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Collect spillage.

INDEX.

017-002-01-X

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Contains:

Identification. x = Conc. %. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

HYDROCHI ORIC ACID

7647-01-0 0.37 CAS. 231-595-7 EC.

INDEX. 017-002-01-X 01-2119484862-26 Reg. no.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

3.2. Mixtures.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

Not specifically necessary. Observance of good industrial hygiene is recommended.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

No episodes of damage to health ascribable to the product have been reported.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Irritation and corrosion, Cough, Shortness of breath, cardiovascular disorders, Risk of blindness!.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Not combustible. Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours. Fire may cause evolution of: Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).



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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

AUS	Österreich	Grenzwerteverordnung 2011 - GKV 2011
BEL	Belgique	AR du 11/3/2002. La liste est mise à jour pour 2010
CHE	Suisse / Schweiz	Valeurs limites d'exposition aux postes de travail 2014. / Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz
DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
DNK	Danmark	Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
HUN	Magyarország	50/2011. (XII. 22.) NGM rendelet a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 16 grudnia 2011r
ROU	România	Monitorul Oficial al României 44; 2012-01-19
EU	OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2016



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

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г	ווו	п	u	к	u		п	ш	u	к	ı	А	u	ш

Threshold Limit \	/alue.								
Туре	Country	TWA/8		STEL/1					
•	•	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
MAK	AUS	8	5	15	10				
VLEP	BEL	8	5	15	10				
MAK	CHE	3	2	6	4				
MAK	DEU	3	2						
TLV	DNK	7	5	7	5				
VLA	ESP	7,6	5	15	10				
WEL	GBR	2	1	8	5				
							gas and a	erosol mists	3
AK	HUN	8		16			-		
VLEP	ITA	8	5	15	10				
MAC	NLD	3	2	6	4				
NDS	POL	5							
TLV	ROU	8	5	15	10				
OEL	EU	8	5	15	10				
TLV-ACGIH					2 (C)				
redicted no-effe	ct concentra	ation - PN	IEC.						
Normal value in	n fresh water						0,036	mg/l	
Normal value in	n marine wat	er					0,036	mg/l	
Normal value for	or water, inte	rmittent re	elease				0,045	mg/l	
Normal value of							0,036	mg/l	
lealth - Derived r									
	Effe	cts on cor	sumers.		Effects on workers				
Route of expos		local A	cute ystemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation.						15	VND	8	VND
						mg/m3		mg/m3	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norm NIOSH 7903.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.



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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance Colour colourless Odour odourless Odour threshold. Not available. Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. Not available. Not available. Boiling range Flash point. 60 °C Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available. Relative density 1.00 Solubility soluble in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. Not available. Decomposition temperature. Not available Viscosity Not available. Explosive properties Not available. Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information.

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 0,37 %
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : 0
VOC (volatile carbon) : 0

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Corrosive in contact with metals.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Exothermic reaction with: Amines, potassium permanganate, salts of oxyhalogenic acids, semimetallic oxides, semimetallic hydrogen compounds, Aldehydes, vinylmethyl ether, Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: carbides, lithium silicide, Fluorine, Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with: Aluminium, hydrides, formaldehyde, Metals, strong alkalis, Sulphides. Risk of explosion with: Alkali metals, conc. sulfuric acid.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Alkalis, organic substances, strong oxidants and metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Above decomposition temperature hydrochloric acid fumes may develop.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37% - Mixture - Acute oral toxicity, Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach - Acute inhalation toxicity, Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract - Skin irritation, Mixture causes burns. - Eye irritation, Mixture causes serious eye damage. Risk of blindness! - Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, Target Organs: Respiratory system, Mixture may cause respiratory irritation.

ACUTE TOXICITY.

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:

LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component).

Not classified (no significant component).

Not classified (no significant component).

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

LC50 (Inhalation). 4,74 mg/l/1h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION.

Corrosive for the skin.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

CARCINOGENICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

ASPIRATION HAZARD.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID LC50 - for Fish. EC50 - for Crustacea.

282 mg/l/96h 0,00005 mg/l/48h



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SECTION 12. Ecological information. .../>>

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Solubility in water. > 10000 mg/l

Biodegradability: Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted. Harmful effect due to pH shift. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1789

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION IMDG: HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8

IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8

IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO



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ΕN

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID: Limited Quantities: 5 L HIN - Kemler: 80 Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special Provision: -EMS: F-A, S-B Limited Quantities: 5 L IMDG:

IATA: Maximum quantity: 60 L Cargo: Maximum quantity: 5 L Pass.:

> Special Instructions: A3, A803

Packaging instructions: 856 Packaging instructions: 852

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (VwVwS 2005).

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters Substance listed in Annex 2.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances. HYDROCHLORIC ACID

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1 Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H335

May cause respiratory irritation.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

@EPY 9.3.0 - SDS 1003



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

08 / 09

Changed TLVs in section 8.1 for following countries:

DNK,